

Potentially explosive areas					Subdivisions and classification of gases and vapours								
Conditions and Zone classification Required marking on the equipment						Gases and vapours Assignment Temperature Maximum Permitter						Permitted	
Flammable materials	Temporary behaviour of explosive atmosphere	Classifi- cation of hazardous areas	Group as defined in directive 2014/34/EU	Equipment category as defined in directive 2014/34/EU	Equipment group as defined in EN 13463-1 ff EN ISO 80079-36	Equipment protect level (EPL) as defined in EN ISO 80079-36 EN IEC 60079-0				of gases and vapours accordance to the ignition temperature	class	surface temperature (equipment)	Temperature classes (equipment)
62022	ie present continuouslu a						Ammonia, methane, ethane, propane	Town gas, acrylnitril	Hydrogen	>450 °C	T1	450 °C	T1 to T6
vapours	for long periods or frequently	20110 0	11		11	Ga	Ethyl alcohol,	Ethylene,	Ethine	> 300 °C ≤ 450 °C	T2	300 °C	T2 to T6
	arises in normal operation occasionally	Zone 1	II	2G or 1G	II	Gb or Ga	cyclohexane, n-butane	ethylene oxide	(Acetylene)				
	is not likely toarise in normal operation, or if it does, will persist for a short time only	Zone 2	П	3G or 2G or 1G	II	Gc or Gb or Ga	Gasoline, n-hexane	Ethylene glycol, hydrogen sulphide		>200 °C ≤ 300 °C	T3	200 °C	T3 to T6
Dusts	is present in the form of a	Zone 20	Ш	1D	111	Da	Acetaldehyde	Ethyl ether		>135 °C ≤ 200 °C	Τ4	135 °C	T4 to T6
	long periods or frequently								Sulphide of	>100 °C ≤ 135 °C	T5	100 °C	T5 to T6
	occasionally develops into a cloud during normal operation	Zone 21	II	2D or 1D		Db or Da			carbon	> 85 °C ≤ 100 °C	T6	85 °C	T6
	is not likely to develop into a cloud during normal opera- tion, or if it does, for a short time only	Zone 22	11	3D or 2D or 1D	111	Dc or Db or Da	Gas groups						
Methane,	operation where there is	-	1	M1	1	Ма	IIA Permitted Equipm	IIB	lic				
carbon dust	disconnection where there	-	1	M2 or M1	I	Mb or Ma	IIA, IIB, IIC	IIB, IIC	IIC				
ATEX													
Gases	/Vapours	€ NE	3 ¹⁾ (Ex) II	1G	Ex h	IIC	Т6	(Ga NB	²⁾ 18 AT	EX 1234	4 X
Dusts	C	E	(Ex		2D	Exh	IIIC	T120 °	С	Db			X
ISO (IECEx)													
Gases	/Vapours					Exh	IIB	T 4		Gb IECE	x ExCB	³⁾ 11.12	34 X
Dusts						Exh	IIIB	T120 °	C I	Dc IECE	x ExCB	³⁾ 11.12	34 X

Protection principle/types of protection

Applications (examples)	Flammable materials	Protection principle	Type of protection	Marking in accorda	Standards		
				very high level of protection	high level level of protection	enhanced level of protection	
All applications	Gases, vapours (G) and dusts (D)	_	General requirements	+	+	+	EN ISO 80079-36 EN IEC 60079-0 EN 13463-1
Coupling, belt drive, agitator, ventilator, mill	Gases, vapours (G) and dusts (D)	This protection principle ensures that a source of ignition cannot occur.	Constructional safety	Ex h c	Ex h c	Ex h c	EN ISO 80079-37 EN 13463-5
Plain bearing, pump, agitator, vacuum pump, centrifuges	Gases, vapours (G) and dusts (D)	This protection principle prevents a source of ignition from becoming effective.	Control of ignition sources	Ex h b	Ex h b	Ex h b	EN ISO 80079-37 EN 13463-6
Gear	Gases, vapours (G) and dusts (D)	This protection principle prevents the hazardous atmosphere reaching the source of ignition.	Liquid immersion	Ex h k	Ex h k	Ex h k	EN ISO 80079-37 EN 13463-8
Centrifuge, compressor, geared motor, complex assembly group	Gases, vapours (G) and dusts (D)	This protection principle prevents the hazardous atmosphere reaching the source of ignition.	Pressurised enclosure		Ex h Ex pxb, pyb p	Ex h Ex pzc -	EN ISO 80079-36 EN IEC 60079-2 EN 13463-8
Centrifuge, compressor, geared motor, complex assembly group	Gases and vapours (G)	This protection principle prevents the hazardous atmosphere reaching the source of ignition.	Protection by flow restricting enclosure	-	-	fr	EN 13463-2
Mill, geared motor, complex assembly group	Dusts (D)	This protection principle prevents the hazardous atmosphere reaching the source of ignition.	Protection by enclosure	Ex h Ex ta	Ex h Ex tb	Ex h Ex tc	EN ISO 80079-36 EN IEC 60079-31
Brakes	Gases and vapours (G)	This protection principle prevents flame propagation through an enclosure.	Flame-proof enclosure	-	Ex h Ex db d	Ex h Ex dc -	EN ISO 80079-36 EN IEC 60079-1 EN 13463-3

1) Identification number of the Notified Body responsible for the surveillance of the manufacturer's quality system (Cat. 1).

2) Notified Body (NB) that has tested and certified the product (Cat. 1).

3) Certification Body (CB) that has tested and certified the product (EPL a, b and c).

ATEX is in the European Union a mandatory and IECEx a voluntary certification procedure. For the correct application of the certification procedures, please follow the corresponding guidelines, regulations and standards.

Use of the operating equipment						
Marking	Conditions					
without X or U	Equipment can be operated without restrictions					
with X	Specific conditions of use of the equipment					
with U	Component certificate (uncomple- ted), conformity is certified when used in an overall equipment					
Max. permissible surface temperature of the equipment						
Temperatur because of	re limitation dust layer	T _{max.} ≤ T _{5 mm} - 75°C				
T _{5mm} : Minim temperatur of dust	num ignition re of 5 mm layer					
Temperatur because of	re limitation dust cloud	$T_{max.} \leq 2/3 T_{CL}$				
T _{c∟} : Minimu temperatur cloud of du	m ignition re of the st					
Max. permi surface ter of the equi	ssible nperature pment:	lowest outcome of the T _{max.} - values				

Subdivision of dusts

Permitted Equipment	Dust groups	Dusts					
groups							
IIIA, IIIB, IIIC	IIIA	combustible flyings					
IIIB, IIIC	IIIB	non-conductive					
IIIC	IIIC	conductive					

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Application area (equipment)

Zone 1/21

Zone 2/22

Zone 2/22

Zone 0/20 Zone 1/21 Zone 2/22